Year 5 North and South America Medium Term Plan

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| National Curriculum | Knowledge |
| Children should be taught to | North and South America |
| describe and understand key aspects of: | Human and physical characteristics of North and South America, including population distribution and climate. |
| human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water Geographical skills and fieldwork | Megacities including Lima and depth focus on Brazil's megacities Urban-rural migration in Brazil, including informal settlements, lik favelas. Challenge stereotypes often held of the favelas. Geographical skills: 4-figure references, thematic maps |
| ♣ use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer | |
| mapping to locate countries and describe features studied | Disciplinary focus: diversity |
| | What are the pros and cons of living in a megacity? |
| ♣ use the eight points of a compass, four and six- figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world | |
| Lesson Focus | Vocabulary |
| Welcome to North and South America | North America, South America, Central America, combined population, Canada, northerly, Brazil |
| 2. What is a megacity? | megacity, New York City, natural disasters, Lima, sustain |
| 3. The megacities of Brazil | São Paulo, Tropic of Capricorn, Rio de Janeiro, Christ the Redeemer, populous, the Americas |
| 4. Urban and rural migration in Brazil | makeshift, favelas, grid, locate, eastings, northings, four-figure grid reference |
| 5. The favelas | favela, outskirts, sewers |
| 6. Challenging the stereotype of the favelas | stereotypes, portrayed, favelado |
| Synoptic task To what extent do the places where people live vary across North and South America? | |